

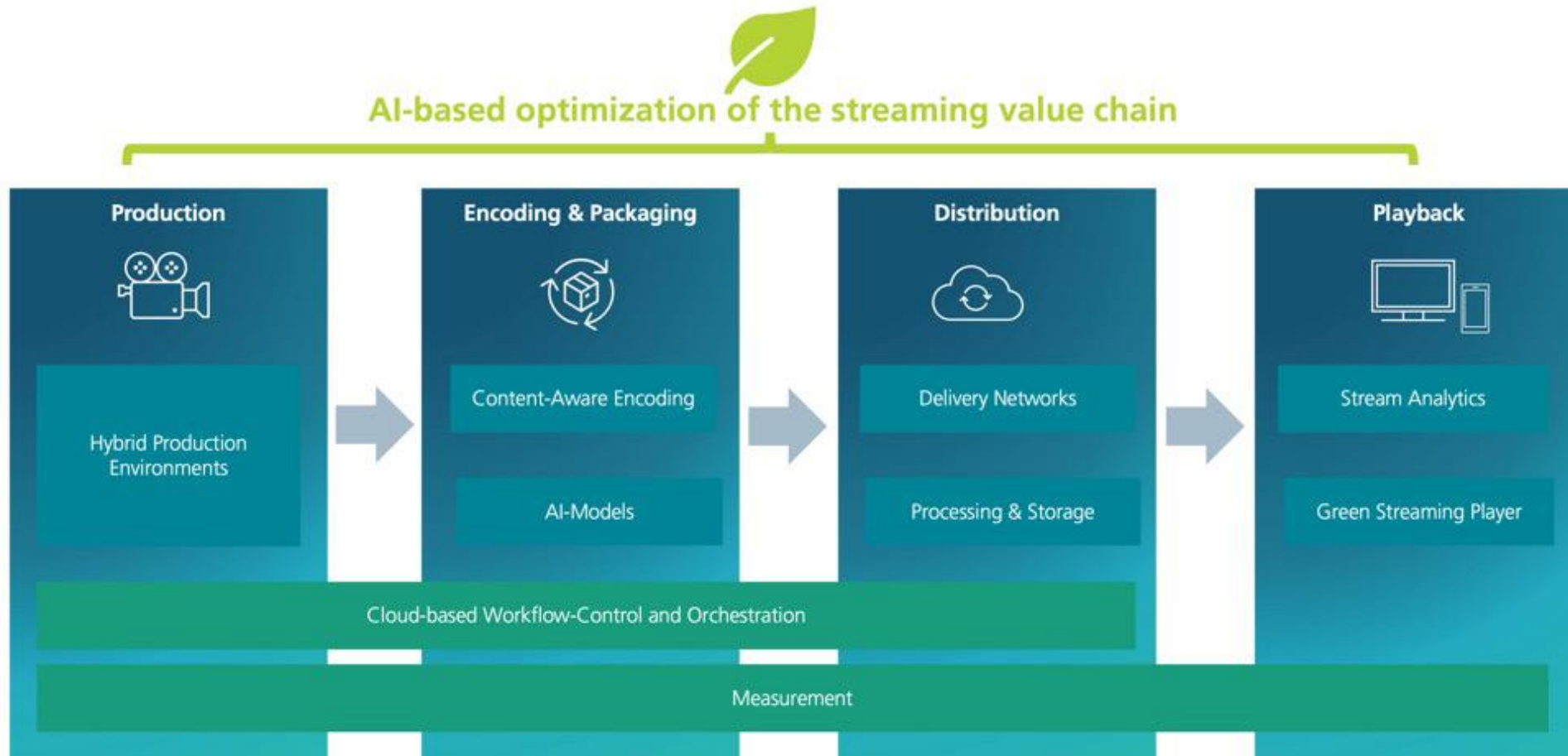
Fraunhofer FOKUS Institute for Open Communication Systems

Green Streaming decoded: Myths and Reality

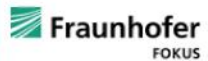
Robert Seeliger [robert.seeliger@fokus.fraunhofer.de]

HbbTV Symposium 2024
London

Green Streaming Project Scope



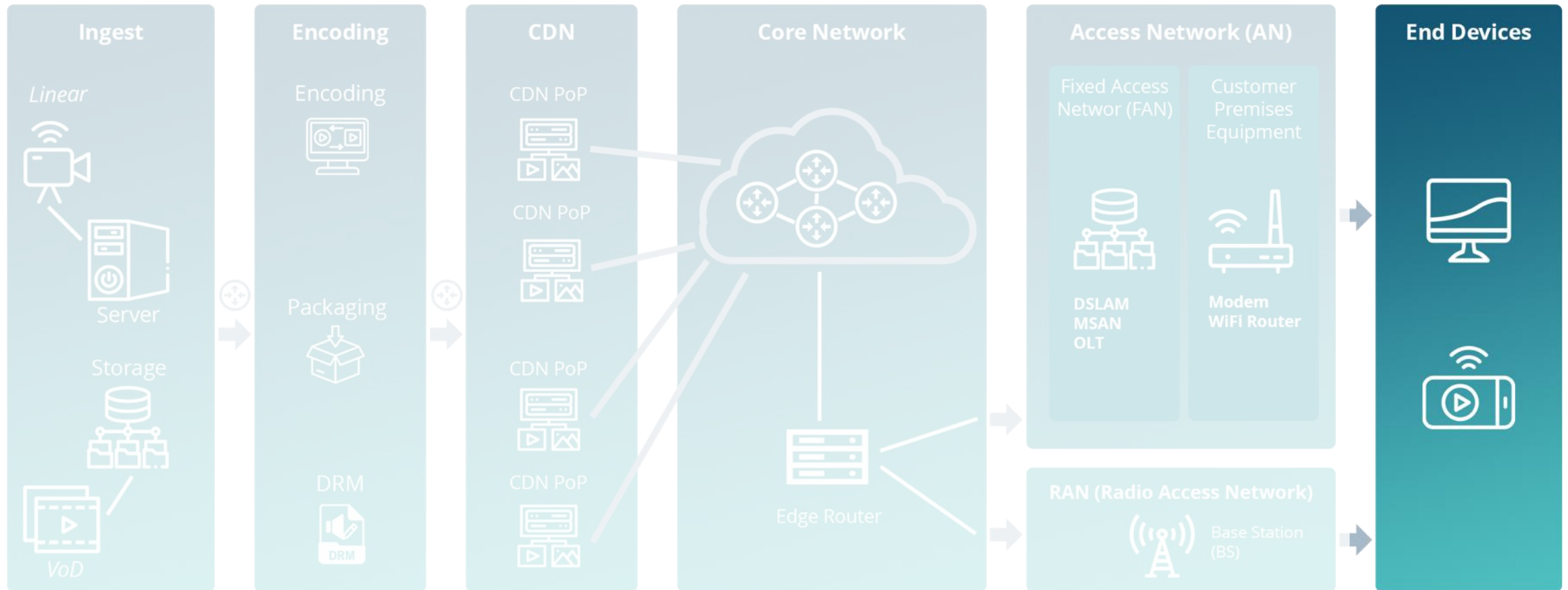
Partner



Assoziierte Partner



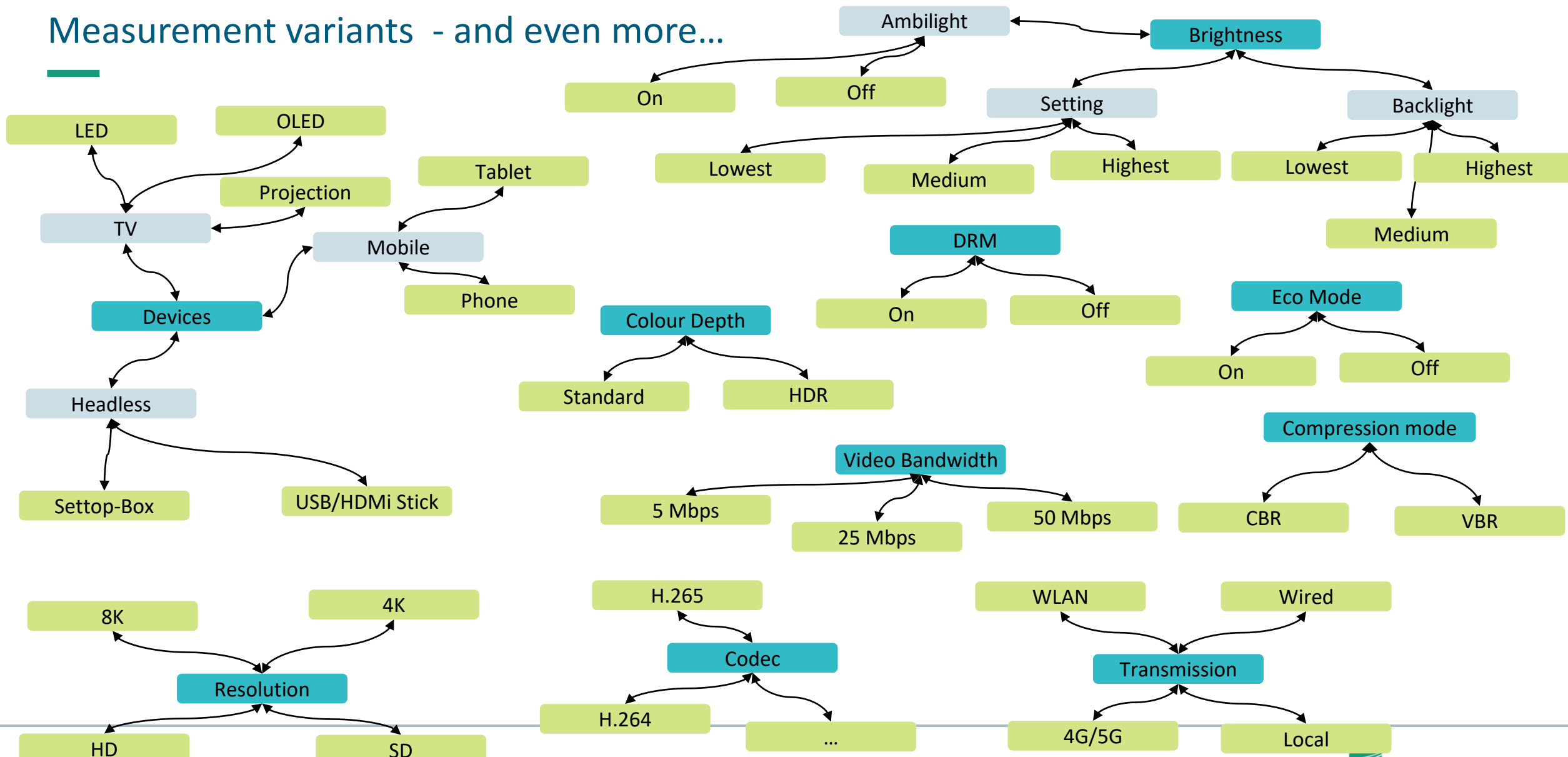
Streaming supply chain





Device Measurements

Measurement variants - and even more...



End-Device Measurement

- **How** we want to measure?

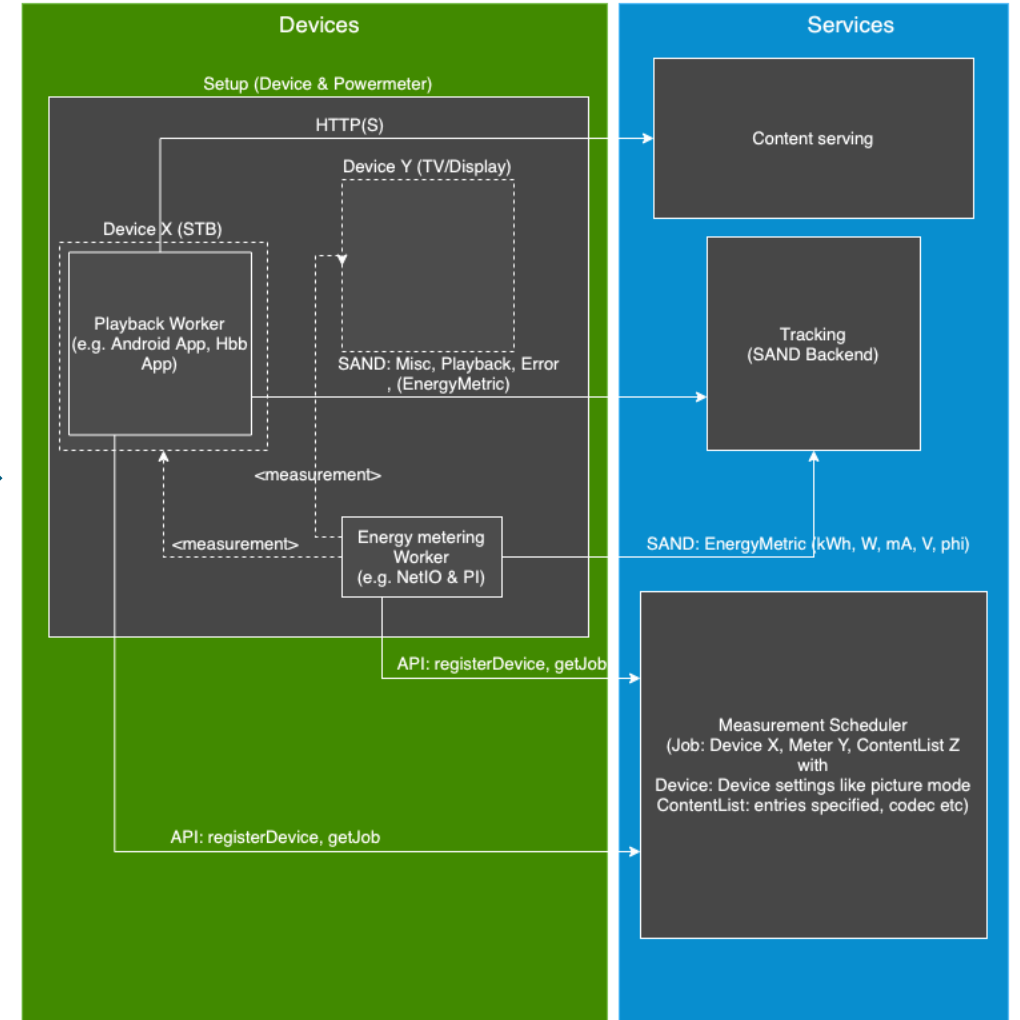
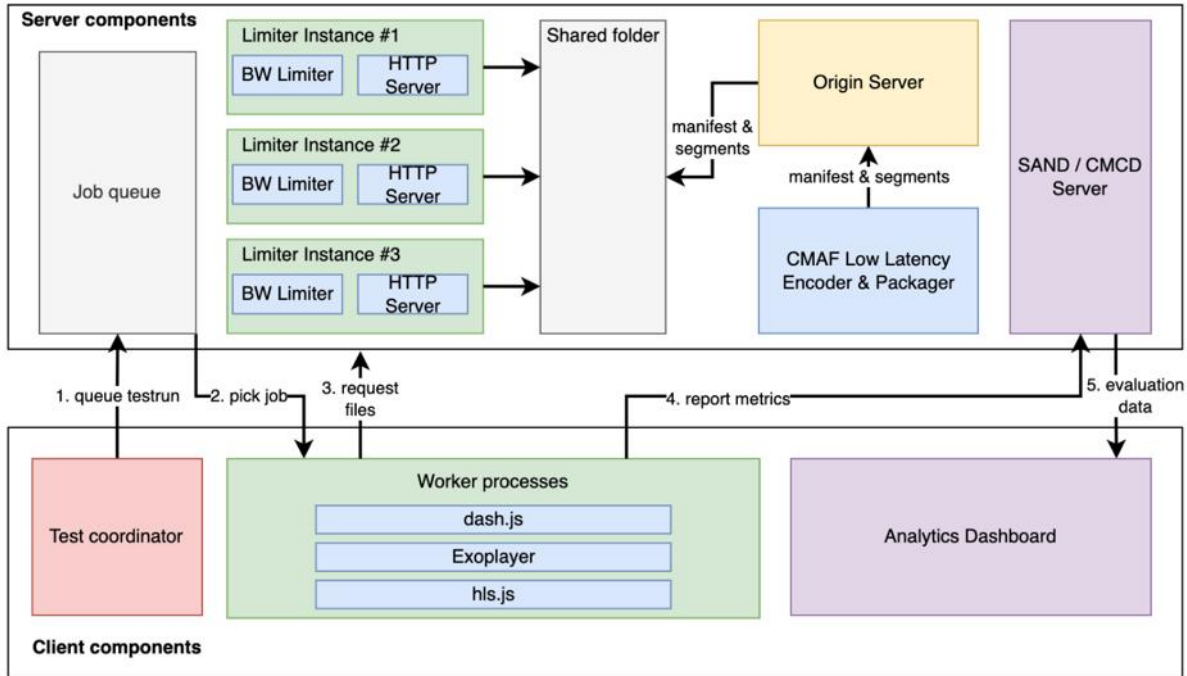
- controlled, synchronized, automated
- combining energy measurements (real-time power meter data) with streaming session data and all relevant attributes

- **What** we want to measure?

- *Attribute Triplet* comprising of
 - **Content Attributes** (complexity, luma, color histograms, codec, frame-rate, gop size, encryption, container, packaging, ...)
 - **Device Attributes** (display technology, brightness level, stationary/mobile, light conditions, player type, ABR algorithm, ...)
 - **Network Attributes** (connectivity type, bandwidth, jitter, packet loss, ...)
- The values of these attributes are known/set prior to measurement, all are tracked, some are iterated/varied (value ranges)

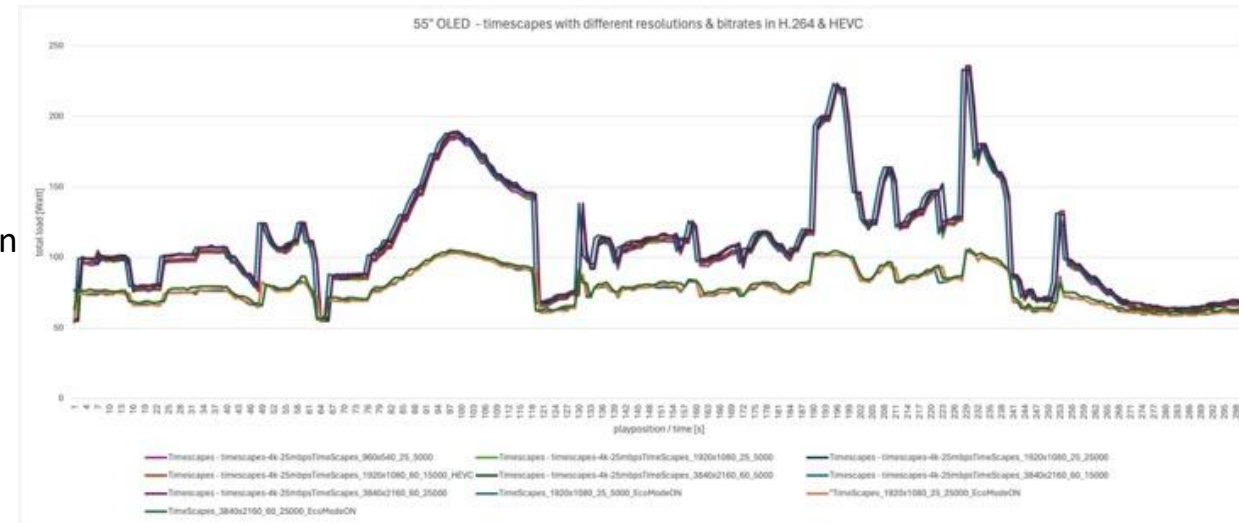
Automate Measurements utilizing and enhancing the FOKUS ABR Testbed

Architecture overview



Comparing different stream settings including bitrate, resolution

- differences in power consumption between the various renditions in SD, HD, and UHD with bitrates ranging from 5Mbps to 25Mbps are marginal
- compared to the brightness of the content they have almost no impact on the device's energy consumption to playback streaming content
- activating the energy-saving mode results in energy savings of ~50% in individual scenes, surpassing the values from our artificial content.



Key findings:

- Luminance affects energy consumption on TVs - not a surprise 💡💡
- Bitrate does not have a major effect on the energy consumption when streaming on a Smart TV
- TV Eco Modes are efficient and save energy (much more than trying to stream with a lower bitrate)
- OLED is different than QLED is different than LCD (edge LED & full LED)

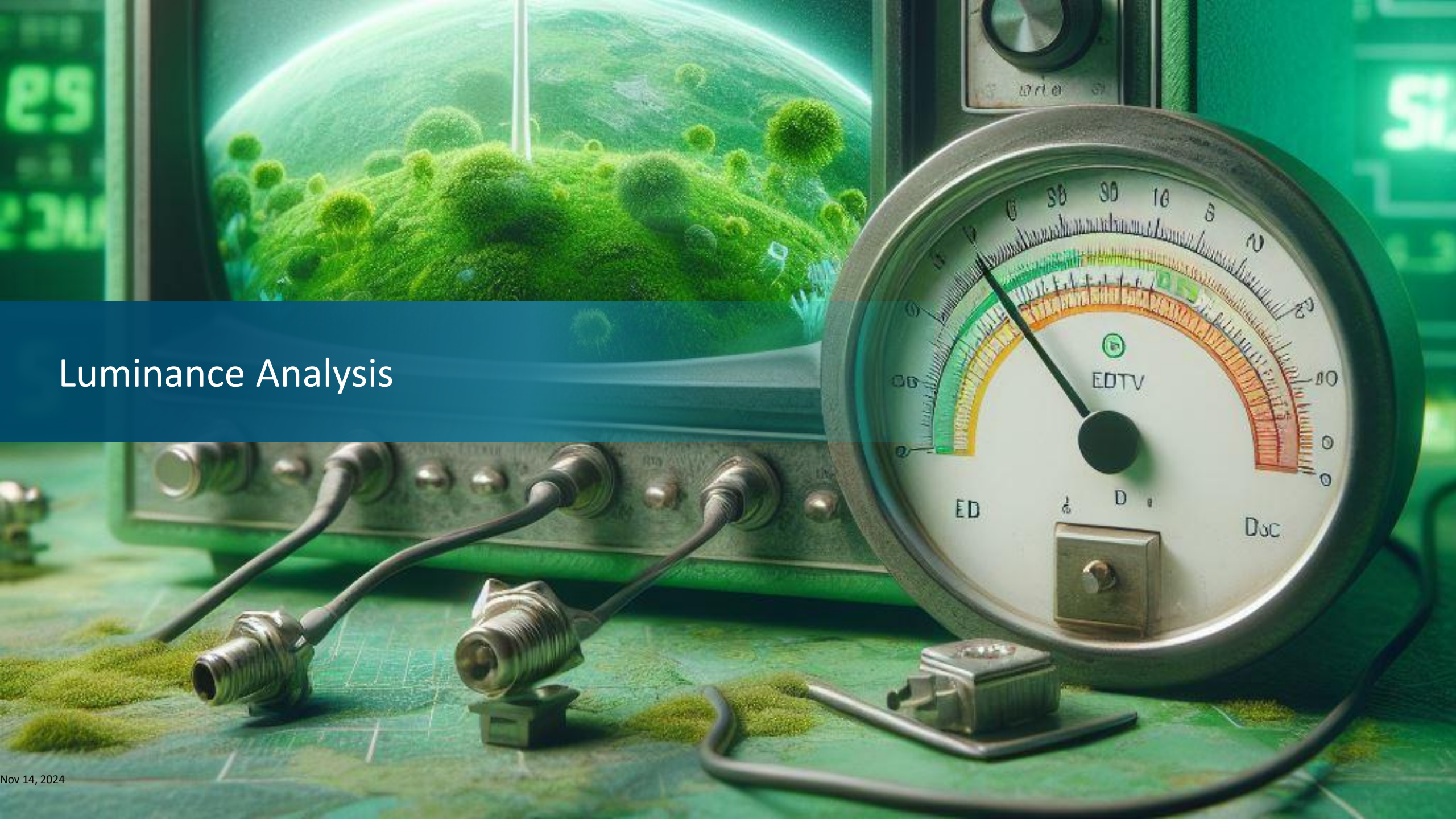
OLED 55" TV, playing the 5-minute test content

960x540@25fps@5000kbps	3840x2160@60fps@25000kbps
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0,75365 Wh	0,78052
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that's a difference of 0.026863489 Wh

If we extrapolate the energy consumption of these 5 minutes to a daily usage of 5 hours of streaming for 365 days, the total energy difference amounts to 588.31 Wh, or 0.58831 kWh → this is ~0.20€ / year

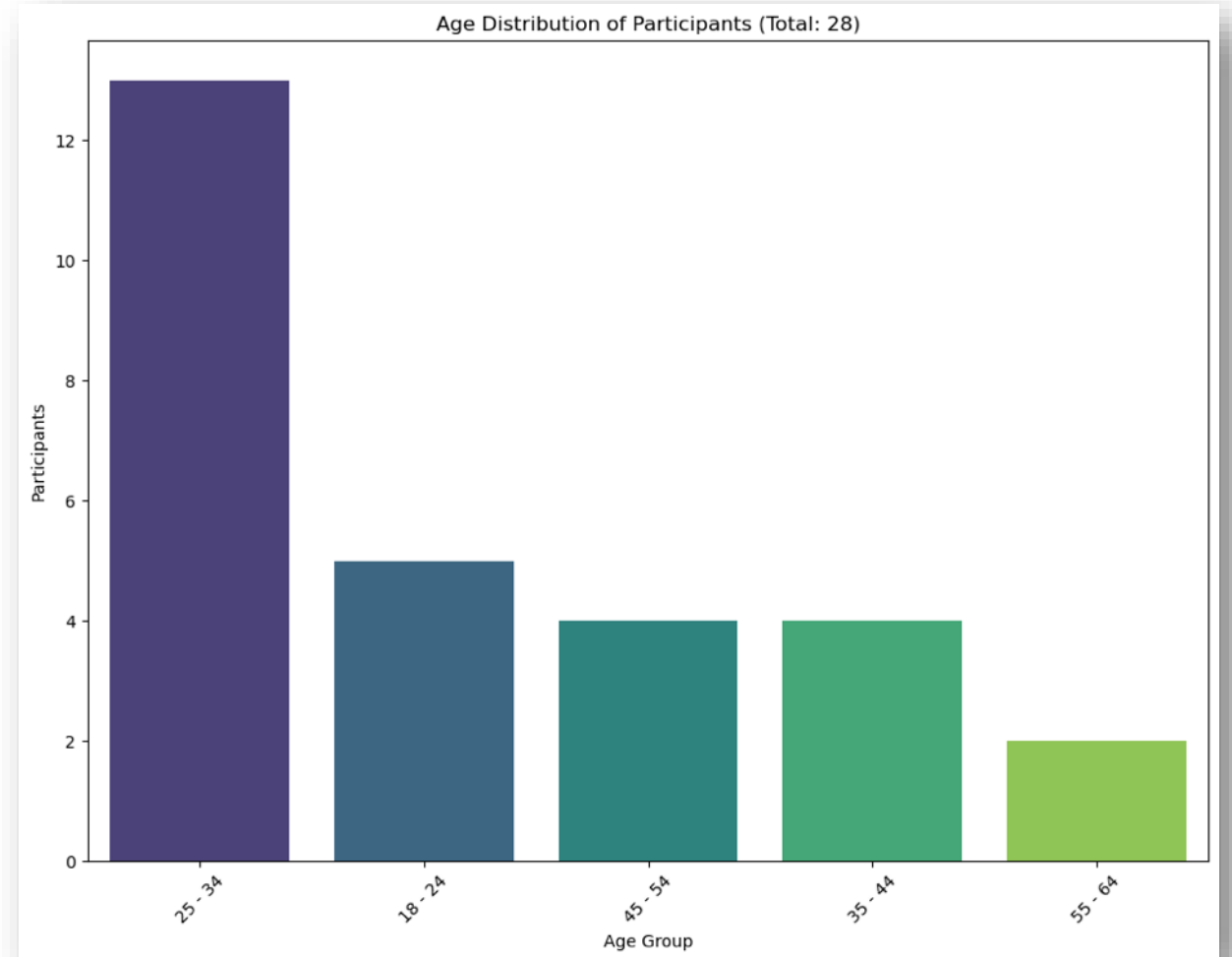
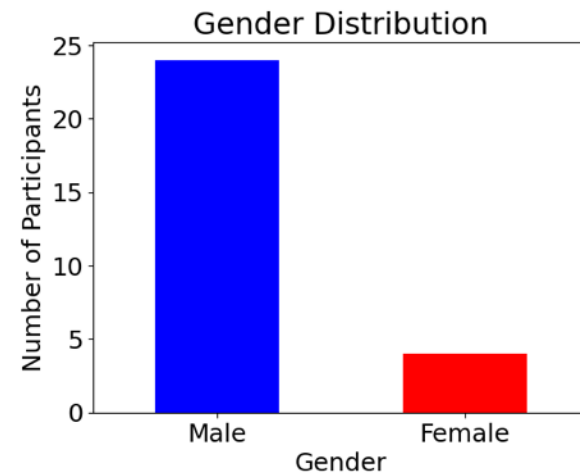


Luminance Analysis

Experimental Setup and Participants

- OLED TV 55" 4K
- ITU - BT.500 Recommendation for test room
- Double Stimulus
- Participants from Fraunhofer FOKUS
- MOS measurements (on a scale of 1 to 5)

The Mean Opinion Score (MOS) is a numerical measure of the human-judged overall quality of an experience.



Results

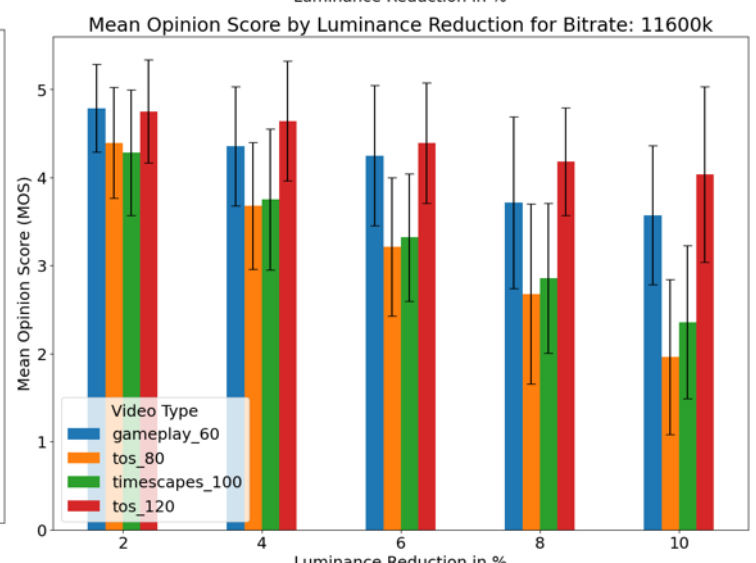
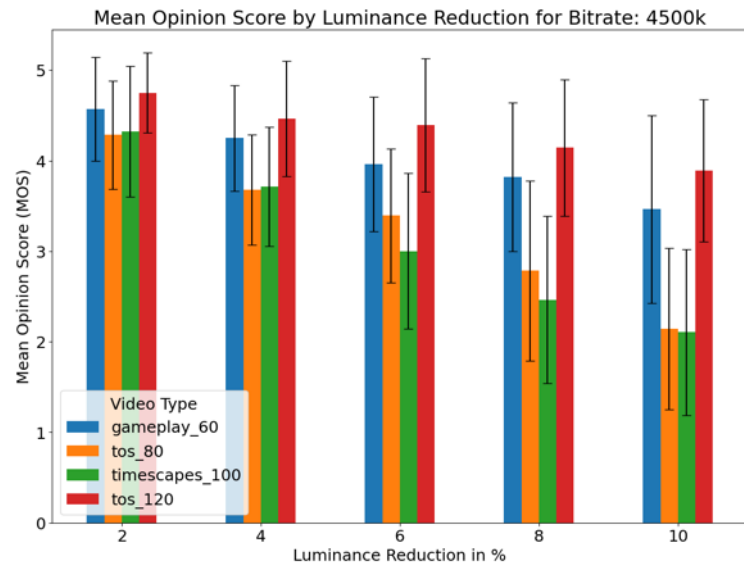
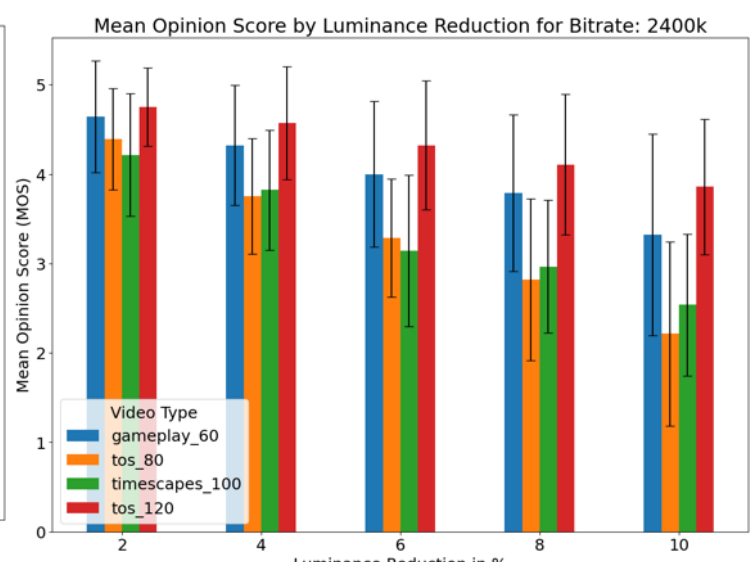
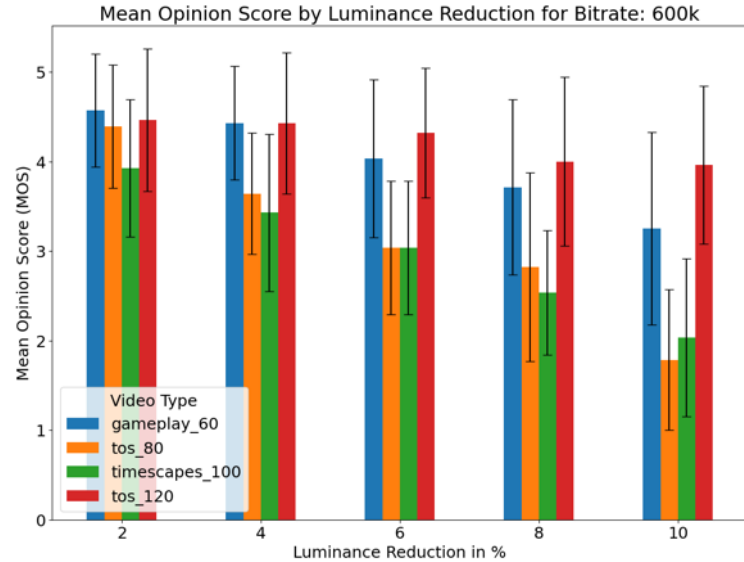
Subjective Score

- 5 = *Excellent*
- 4 = *Good*
- 3 = *Fair*
- 2 = *Poor*
- 1 = *Bad*

- Darker videos consume less energy
- Bitrate/Resolution has a measurable, but marginal affect on energy consumption of TVs
- MOS is decreased with the increase of video's luminance reduction

Video brightness significantly affect the energy consumption (especially on OLED TVs)

Videos	Max. luminance reduction*	Energy Saving**
Gameplay_60	6%	4%
ToS_120	10%	14%
Others	2%	3.7%





FAMIUM GreenView

FAMIUM GreenView

Overview

- FAMIUM GreenView is a green streaming solution designed for SmartTVs and HbbTV
- Enables energy-efficient streaming without altering original content, enhancing sustainability in media consumption.

Core Components

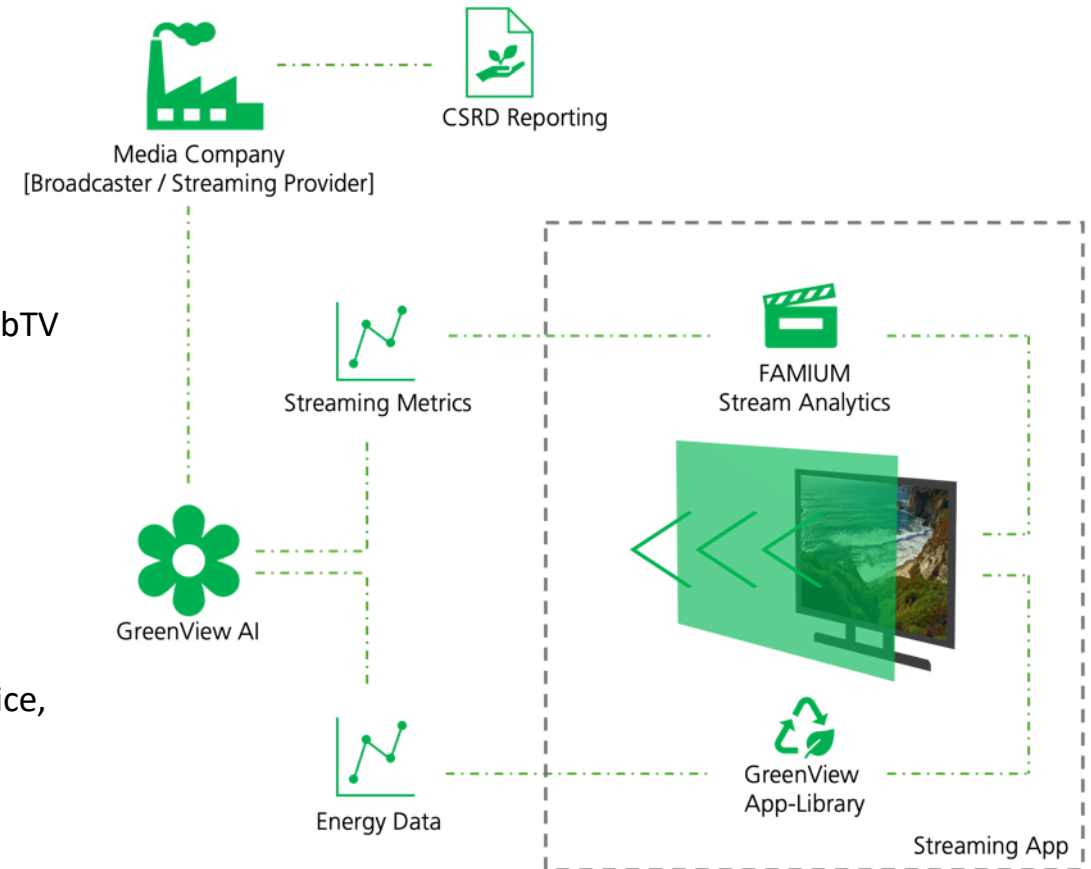
- Integration of a client-side library into streaming service applications.
- Backend component provides customized settings for each streaming session.
- Utilizes AI model to adjust streaming parameters based on context (content, device, display type) for optimal energy efficiency.

GreenView AI

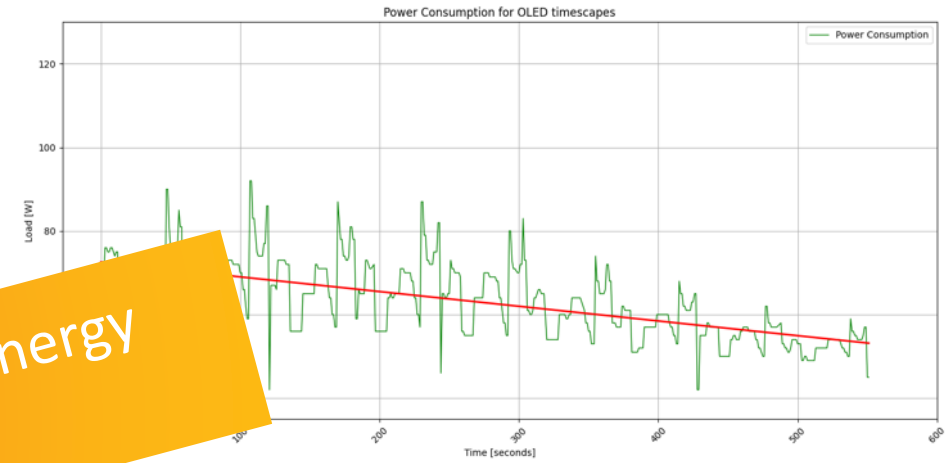
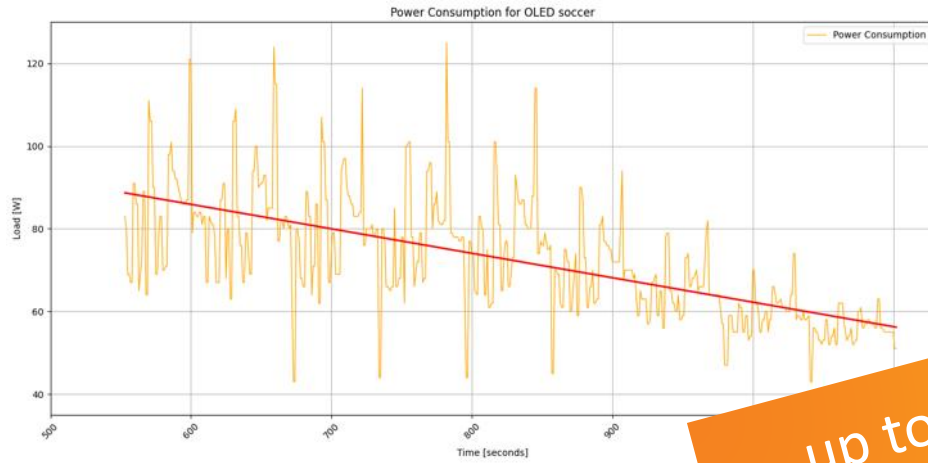
- AI model trained using datasets from FAMIUM Green Streaming Measurement Framework and FAMIUM Stream Analytics.
- Enables precise adjustments on streaming device / Smart-TV for energy-efficient playback.

Compatibility and Accessibility

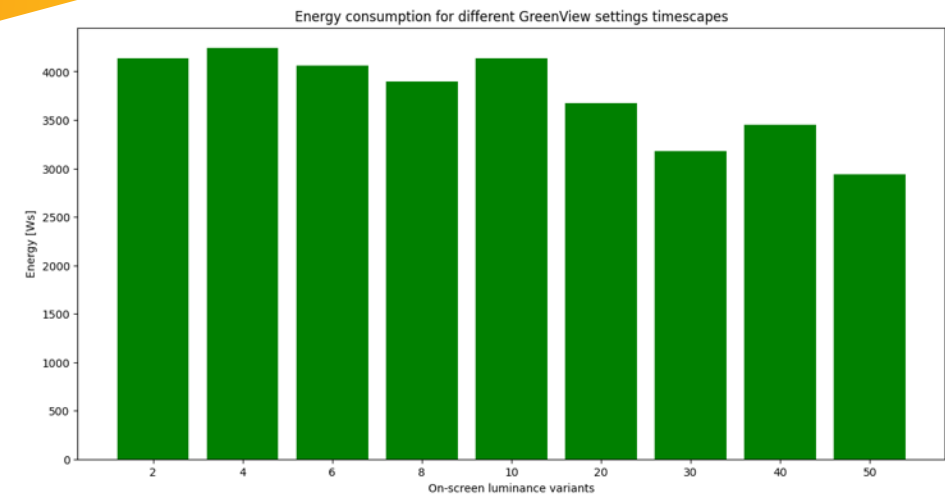
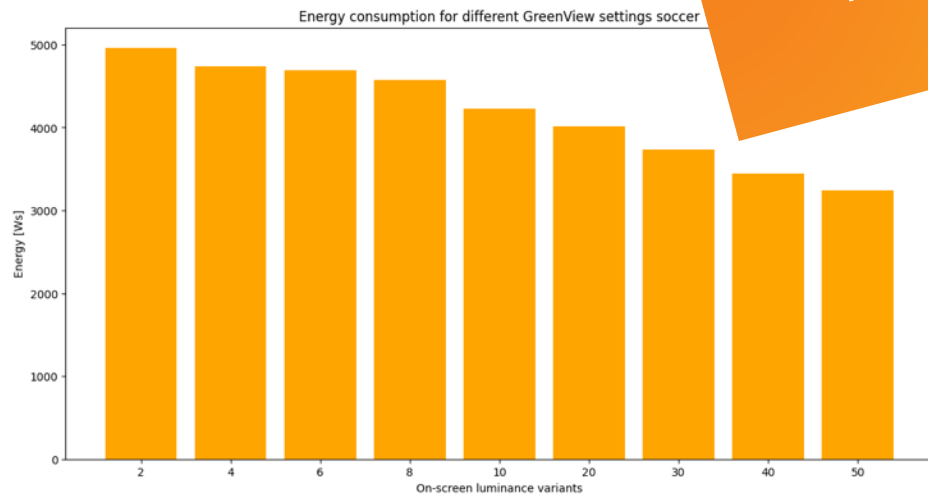
- Currently available for Android-based Smart-TVs via ExoPlayer and HbbTV.
- Extends benefits to OTT, media library content, and traditional linear broadcast TV.



GreenView enabled Energy Savings

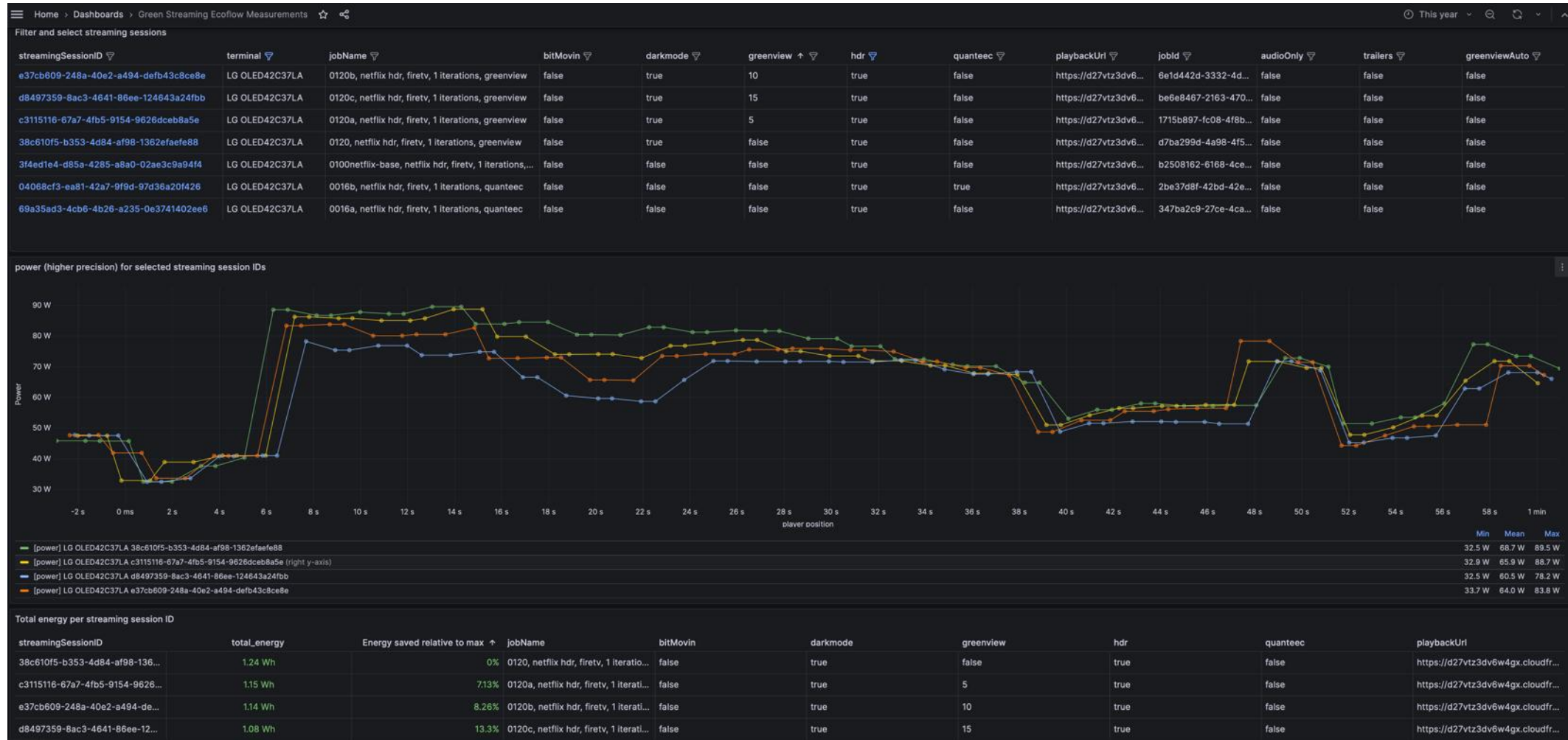


up to 15-20% energy savings



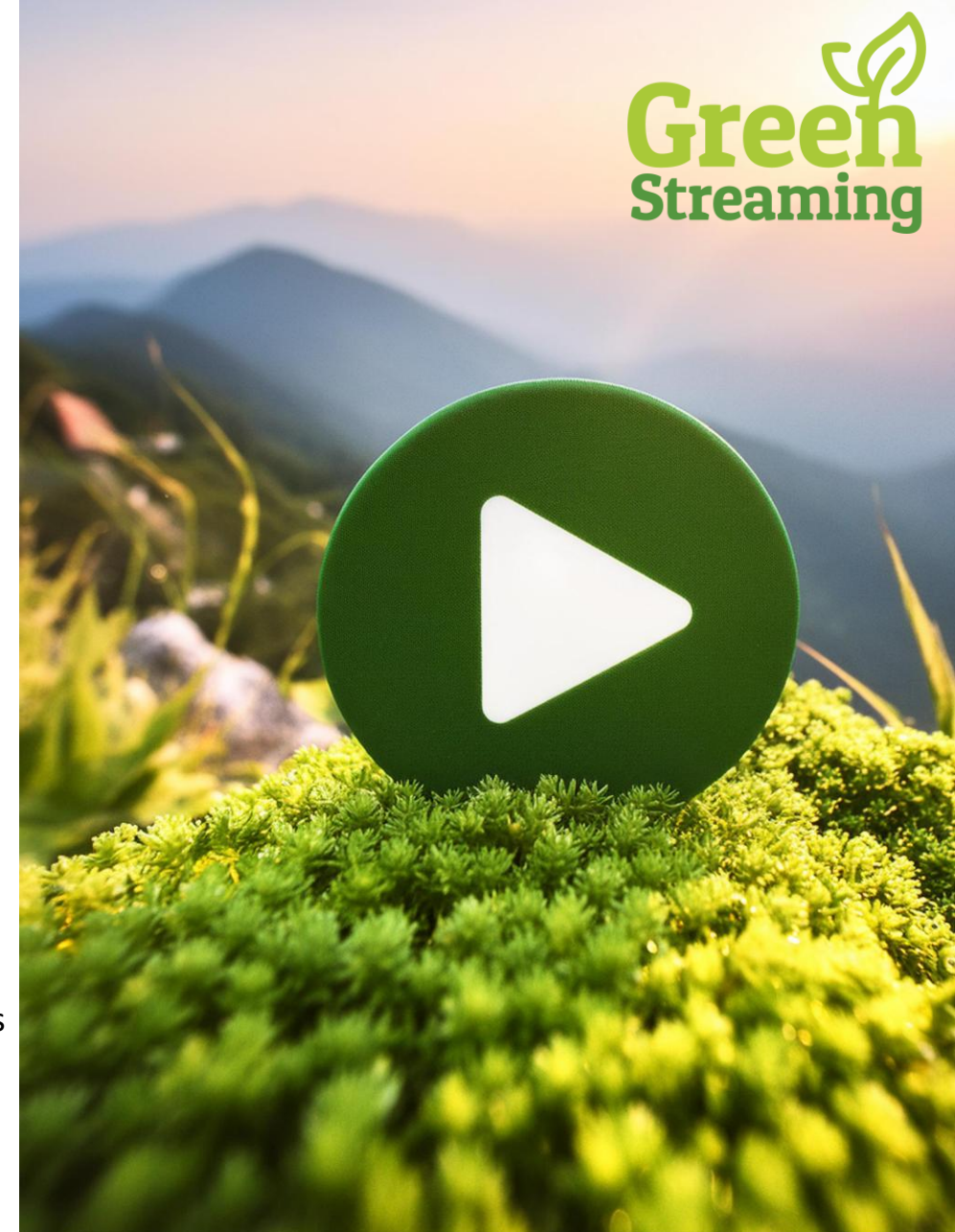
Utilizing the Green Streaming Measurement Framework

GreenView Dashboard



Conclusion and outlook

- **Understanding the problem**
 - End-to-end video streaming workflows are complex
 - Measurement is key! Automation is a must → FAMIUM Green Streaming Measurement Framework
- **Collect and learn from the data**
 - Explore measurement data & build models
 - Validate or falsify common assumptions
 - early example: Bitrate does *not* have a major effect on the energy consumption when streaming on a SmartTV. Same for resolution (Upscaling low res can have costs!)
- **Act and lower energy consumption**
 - Identify opportunities → Luma reduction, energy modes
 - Provide tools and recommendations
 - FAMIUM GreenView → “dynamic client-side adjustment of presentation of video streams for energy-saving playback”
- **There is a need for collaboration of all involved parties in the value chain.**



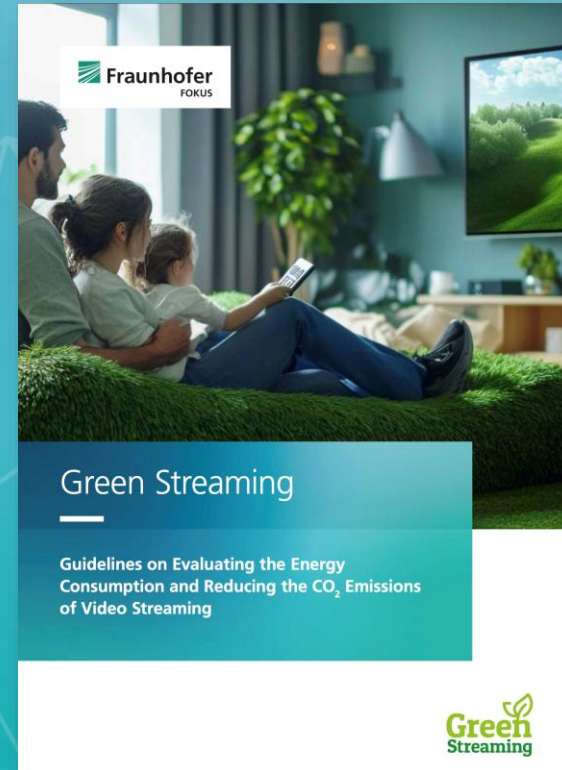
Thanks for your attention!



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